## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

Claims 1-16 (Canceled)

- 17. (Currently Amended) A method of extracting a radial velocity characteristic of a target from one or more coherent radiation pulse bursts comprising the steps of:
  - receiving radiation echo returns of the pulse bursts from a remote scene;
  - (b) processing the <u>received</u> echo returns into in-phase (I) and quadrature (Q) components;
  - (c) measuring returns the I and Q components at intervals to provide sampled data;
  - (d) modelling the sampled data by applying a predetermined function to the I-Q returns;
  - (e) modifying the predetermined function based on phase and amplitude to [[match]] optimize the fit to the sampled data as a function of velocity;

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- (f) determining the target radial velocity in dependence upon said modification step of the modified predetermined function, and
- (g) outputting the determined target radial velocity.
- 18. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in Claim 17 wherein step (d) comprises fitting a curve to the I-Q returns sampled data and step (e) comprises optimising the fit of the curve to the sampled data as a function of velocity in a least squares fashion.
- 19. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in Claim [[18]] 17 wherein a model of clutter return is provided for use in steps (d) and (e).
- 20. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in Claim 19 wherein the model of clutter return is a low order polynomial function in I and Q.
- 21. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in Claim 17 further comprising the step of extracting target amplitude from the sampled data in dependence upon said modified predetermined function.

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- 22. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in Claim 17 further comprising the step of extracting range ambiguity from the sampled data in dependence upon said modified predetermined function.
- 23. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in Claim 17 further comprising the step of extracting target azimuth from the sampled data in dependence upon said modified predetermined function.
- 24. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in Claim [[20]] 17 wherein the echo returns are measured at non-equi-spaced intervals.
- 25. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in Claim [[24]] 17 wherein the pulse bursts are transmitted at a frequency which is changed between successive pulses.
- 26. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in Claim [[24]] <u>25</u> wherein each pulse burst consists of multiple pulses transmitted at non-constant pulse repetition <u>internal</u> <u>interval</u> bursts.
- 27. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in Claim [[24]] <u>25</u> wherein the pulse bursts are internally coherent and mutually incoherent.

- 28. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in Claim 17 further comprising the step of carrying out conventional Moving Target Indication/Moving Target Detection filtering and target detection before applying a predetermined function, as in step (d), to the I-Q returns-in which a target was detected.
  - 29.-36. (Cancelled)
- 37. (New) A method according to claim 17 wherein a model of target return comprising a helix is provided for use in steps (d) and (e).
- 38. (New) A method as claimed in claim 37 wherein the target radial velocity is determined in relation to the pitch of the helix.
- 39. (New) A method as claimed in claim 37 further comprising the step of extracting target amplitude from the sampled data, the target amplitude being extracted in relation to a radius of the helix.
- 40. (New) A method according to claim 37 comprising the use of a plurality of coherent radiation pulse bursts, the method further comprising the step of estimating target range ambiguity by modifying the

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predetermined function based on an assumption that one or more initial echo returns do not lie on the helix.

- 41. (New) A method according to claim 40 further comprising the step of extracting an ambiguity order based on the number of first received pulse signals lying on the axis of the helix.
- 42. (New) A method according to claim 37 wherein said remote scene comprises a target together with clutter and the sampled data relates to the sample and clutter.